

INSIGHT HIGH YIELD BOND FUND

Supplement dated September 2009 to the Prospectus for Insight LDI Solutions Plus plc

(an umbrella open-ended investment company with variable capital and segregated liability between sub-funds)

This Supplement contains specific information in relation to the Insight High Yield Bond Fund, a Sub-Fund of Insight LDI Solutions Plus p.l.c. (the **Company**) an umbrella type open-ended investment company with variable capital and with segregated liability between sub-funds authorised by the Financial Regulator pursuant to Part XIII of the Companies Act, 1990.

This Supplement forms part of and should be read in conjunction with the general description of the Company contained in the Prospectus of the Company dated September 2009 (the Prospectus).

The Directors of the Company whose names appear under Directors of the Company in the Prospectus, accept responsibility for the information contained in the Prospectus and this Supplement. To the best of the knowledge and belief of the Directors (who have taken all reasonable care to ensure that such is the case) such information is in accordance with the facts and does not omit anything likely to affect the import of such information. The Directors accept responsibility accordingly.

The Class S Shares of the Insight High Yield Bond Fund were listed on the Official List and admitted to trading on the Main Market of the Irish Stock Exchange on 18 May 2007. No application has been made for the Class S Shares of the Insight High Yield Bond Fund to be listed on any other stock exchange. The Directors do not anticipate that an active secondary market will develop in the Class S Shares of the Insight High Yield Bond Fund.

Words and expressions defined in the Prospectus shall, unless the context otherwise requires, have the same meaning when used in this Supplement.

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The Insight High Yield Bond Fund (the Fund)

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE AND POLICIES

Investment Objective

The investment objective of the Fund is to seek to deliver positive absolute returns on an annual basis.

Investment Policy

In pursuit of its investment objective the Fund may invest in high yield securities, corporate debt securities, loans that are comparable to transferable securities, liquid or near cash assets, derivatives and collective investment schemes. These types of securities, instruments and obligations are described below and may be issued by world-wide issuers and denominated in any currency, although they will be predominantly denominated in Sterling, Euros or US Dollars and may or may not be listed on recognised exchanges and markets.

The investment policy of the Fund is such that it is intended to offer exposure to investments which will be predominantly higher yield in their return characteristics. From time to time the Fund may seek to reduce its exposure to the risks specific to high yield issuers in accordance with the market views of the Sub-Investment Manager. This can be achieved, for example, by shortening the average duration of the portfolio, using financial derivative instruments or increasing the Fund's allocation to cash and money market instruments.

(a) High Yield Securities

The Fund may invest in sub-investment grade securities which have a credit rating at the time of purchase of at least Ba1/BB+ or below (or its equivalent) from a recognised rating agency such as Standard & Poor's or which are deemed by the Sub-Investment Manager to be of equivalent quality. The Fund may also invest in securities which do not have a credit rating. These include fixed and floating rate debt securities, instruments and obligations which may be available in the prevailing markets for instruments, including securities, instruments and obligations issued or guaranteed by corporates or other commercial issuers, world-wide governments or their agencies and securities, instruments and obligations issued by supranational or public international bodies and banks.

(b) Corporate Debt Securities

The Fund may invest in securities including corporate bonds, debentures, notes (which are transferable securities) and other similar corporate debt instruments, including convertible securities. Debt securities may be acquired with warrants attached. Corporate income-producing securities may also include forms of preferred or preference stock. The rate of interest on a corporate debt security may be fixed, floating or variable, and may vary inversely with respect to a reference rate. Corporate debt securities are subject to the risk of the issuer's inability to meet principal and interest payments on the obligation and may also be subject to price volatility due to such factors as interest rate sensitivity, market perception of the creditworthiness of the issuer and general market liquidity. When interest rates rise, the value of corporate debt securities can be expected to decline. Debt securities with longer maturities tend to be more sensitive to interest rate movements than those with shorter maturities.

(c) Loans

The Fund may invest in loans, participation in loans or assignment of loans to borrowers (the "Borrower"). Loan agreements must be deemed by the Sub-Investment Manager to be comparable to transferable securities in order to be eligible for investment.

Loans are typically secured with specific collateral and have a claim on the assets of the Borrower that is generally senior to other subordinated debt and stock of the Borrower. The majority of loans do not have a credit rating. The proceeds of loans primarily are used to finance leveraged buyouts, recapitalizations, mergers, acquisitions, stock repurchases, and, to a lesser extent, to finance internal growth and for other corporate purposes. Loans typically have rates of interest which are determined either daily, monthly, quarterly or semi-annually by reference to a base lending rate, plus a premium. These base lending rates are primarily the London-Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR").

(d) Liquid or Near Cash Assets

The Fund may invest in a broad range of other liquid or near cash assets including, but not limited to, securities, instruments and obligations issued or guaranteed by world-wide governments or their agencies and securities, instruments and obligations issued by supranational or public international bodies, banks, corporates or other commercial issuers.

These types of securities, instruments and obligations are described below:

Government Bonds – Fixed interest securities issued by worldwide governments.

Government T-Bills – Short-term securities issued by worldwide governments.

Government Sovereign Bonds – Bonds which are issued or guaranteed by one or more sovereign governments or by any of their political sub-divisions, agencies or instrumentalities. Bonds of such political sub-divisions, agencies or instrumentalities are often, but not always, supported by the full faith and credit of the relevant government.

Supranational Bonds – Debt obligations issued or guaranteed by supranational entities and public international bodies including international organisations designated or supported by governmental entities to promote economic reconstruction or development and international banking institutions and related government agencies including the Asian Development Bank, the European Bank for Reconstruction and Development, the Inter-American Development Bank, the International Monetary Fund, the European Investment Bank and the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (the World Bank).

Asset Backed Securities (ABSs) – ABSs are securities issued by corporations or other entities (including public and local authorities) which are collateralised by mortgages, charges or other debt obligations or rights to receivables. ABSs are normally issued in a number of different classes with different characteristics such as credit quality and term.

Certificates of Deposit – Negotiable interest-bearing debt instruments with a specific maturity. Certificates of deposit are issued by banks, building societies and other financial institutions in exchange for the deposit of funds, and normally can be traded in the secondary market prior to maturity.

Floating Rate Notes (FRNs) – FRNs are debt securities issued by banks, building societies and other financial institutions with a variable interest rate. The interest rate payable on FRNs may be reset periodically by reference to some independent interest rate index or according to a prescribed formula.

Short and Medium Term Obligations – Debt obligations, notes, debentures or bonds including but not limited to certificates of deposit, commercial paper, floating rate notes or short dated fixed rate bonds or any other type of debt instrument which are transferable securities.

Commercial Paper – Unsecured short-term promissory notes issued by corporations and other entities with maturities varying from a few days to nine months and which are readily transferable.

The Insight High Yield Bond Fund may also have ancillary liquid assets such as bank deposits.

(e) Derivatives

The Fund may utilise a broad range of derivatives, including without limitation, interest rate swaps, inflation swaps, credit default swaps, currency swaps, futures, options and foreign exchange contracts.

Interest Rate Swaps

An interest rate swap is an agreement negotiated between two parties to exchange LIBOR and/or other similarly recognised interest rate cash flows, calculated on a notional amount, at specified dates during the life of the swap. The notional amount is used only to determine the payments under the swap and is not exchanged. The payment obligation of each party is calculated using a different interest rate, typically with one party paying a floating interest rate in return for receiving a fixed interest rate, either at regular intervals during the life of the swap or at the maturity of the swap.

Inflation Swaps

An inflation swap operates in a similar way to an interest rate swap except that it is an agreement negotiated between two parties to exchange payments at a fixed or floating rate in return for payments based on realised inflation over the relevant period. The inflation will be referenced to the UK retail price index and/or the limited price index (LPI). LPI means limited price indexation of increases equal to the retail price index, subject to a maximum and minimum annual increase.

Credit Default Swaps

Credit default swaps provide a measure of protection against defaults of debt issuers. The Fund's use of credit default swaps does not assure their use will be effective or will have the desired result. The Fund may at the discretion of the Sub-Investment Manager be the buyer and/or seller in credit default swap transactions to which the Fund is a party. Credit default swaps are transactions under which the parties' obligations depend on whether a credit event has occurred in relation to the reference asset. The credit events are specified in the contract and are intended to identify the occurrence of a significant deterioration in the creditworthiness of the reference asset. On settlement, credit default products may be cash settled or involve the physical delivery of an obligation of the reference entity following a default. The buyer in a credit default swap contract is obligated to pay the seller a periodic stream of payments over the term of the contract provided that no event of default on an underlying reference asset has occurred. If a credit event occurs, the seller must pay the buyer the full notional value of the reference asset that may have little or no value. If the Fund is a buyer and no credit event occurs the Fund's losses will be limited to the periodic stream of payments over the term of the contract. As a seller, the Fund will receive a fixed rate of income throughout the term of the contract, provided that there is no credit event. If a credit event occurs, the seller must pay the buyer the full notional value of the reference obligation.

Currency Swaps

A currency swap is an agreement between two or more parties to exchange sequences of cash flows over a period in the future. The cash flows that the counterparties make are tied to the value of foreign currencies. The Fund may use such swaps to cover the risk of the value of a particular currency rising or falling over time.

Futures

Futures are contracts to buy or sell a standard quantity of a specific asset (or, in some cases, receive or pay cash based on the performance of an underlying asset, instrument or index) at a pre-determined future date and at a price agreed through a transaction undertaken on an exchange. Futures contracts allow investors to hedge against market risk or gain exposure to the underlying market. Since these contracts are marked-to-market daily, investors can, by closing out their position, exit from their obligation to buy or sell the underlying assets prior to the contract's delivery date. Futures may also be used to equitise cash balances, both pending investment of a cash flow and with respect to fixed cash targets. Frequently, using futures to achieve a particular strategy instead of using the underlying or related security or index results in lower transaction costs being incurred.

Options

There are two forms of options, put and call options. Put options are contracts sold for a premium that gives one party (the buyer) the right, but not the obligation, to sell to the other party (the seller) of the contract, a specific quantity of a particular product or financial instrument at a specified price. Call options are similar contracts sold for a premium that gives the buyer the right, but not the obligation, to buy from the seller of the option at a specified price. Options may also be cash settled. The Fund may be a seller or buyer of put and call options.

Forward Foreign Exchange Contracts

A forward contract locks-in the price at which an index or asset may be purchased or sold on a future date. In currency forward contracts, the contract holders are obligated to buy or sell the currency at a specified price, at a specified quantity and on a specified future date.

(f) Collective Investment Schemes

The Fund may invest in other open-ended collective investment schemes. Such funds may be domiciled in Ireland, Luxembourg, the Channel Islands, the Cayman Islands or other recognised fund domiciles. Such funds may be constituted as investment companies, unit trusts, limited partnerships or other typical fund structures and may be traded, listed or dealt in on a stock exchange or other regulated market. They may be regulated or unregulated and may be leveraged.

The Fund may also seek to obtain exposure to the asset classes listed at (a) to (d) above by investing in collective investment schemes which may also be managed by the Investment Manager and advised upon or sub-managed by the Sub-Investment Manager. Exposure to collective investment schemes may be considered for example in circumstances where investment in them is more efficient and liquid than a direct investment in the underlying asset.

The Fund may specifically invest in money market funds including the ILF GBP Liquidity Fund and the ILF GBP Liquidity Plus Fund. The ILF GBP Liquidity Fund and the ILF GBP Liquidity Plus Fund are both sub-funds of Insight Liquidity Funds p.l.c which is also managed by the Investment Manager and is advised by the Sub-Investment Manager. Insight Liquidity Funds p.l.c. is an open-ended investment company with variable capital incorporated in Ireland with limited liability and is established as an umbrella fund under the European

Communities (Undertakings for Collective Investment in Transferable Securities) Regulations, 2003 as amended. The investment objective of the ILF GBP Liquidity Fund is to provide investors with stability of capital and of net asset value per share (in the case of the stable net asset value shares) and daily liquidity with an income which is comparable to Sterling denominated short dated money market interest rates. The ILF GBP Liquidity Fund invests primarily in liquid or near cash assets with an average weighted maturity of no more than 60 days or such other period as may be required to retain its AAAm rating from Standard & Poor's. The investment objective of the ILF GBP Liquidity Plus Fund is to provide investors with stability of capital and income through investment in short term fixed income and variable rate securities. The ILF GBP Liquidity Plus Fund invests primarily in a similar range of assets with an average weighted maturity of no more than one year or such other period as may be required in order to retain its AAAf/S1 rating from Standard & Poor's. The types of investments in which the ILF GBP Liquidity Fund and the ILF GBP Liquidity Plus Fund may invest include those listed in (d) above.

Any change in the investment objective of the Fund may only be made with the prior written approval of the Financial Regulator and the prior written approval of all the Shareholders of the Fund or by an ordinary resolution of the Shareholders at a general meeting of the Fund. The Directors have the power to change the investment policies of the Fund provided that material changes to the investment policies are only made if approved in writing by all of the Shareholders in the Fund or by an ordinary resolution of the Shareholders at a general meeting of the Fund. In each case reasonable prior notice will be given to Shareholders to enable them to request the repurchase of their Shares prior to the implementation of the change.

INVESTMENT RESTRICTIONS

In addition to the following, the general Investment Restriction as set out in the Prospectus shall apply.

The Fund may not have an exposure, in relation to swap agreements and/or other derivatives, to single counterparties in excess of 40% of its net assets through over-the-counter contracts. The institutions to which the Fund may have an exposure of up to 40% of its net assets must have a minimum credit rating of A2 or equivalent or be deemed by the Fund to have an implied rating of a2. Alternatively a counterparty may be unrated where the Fund is indemnified, against losses suffered as a result of a failure by the counterparty, by an entity which has and maintains a rating of A2. In calculating the exposure of the Fund to a single counterparty the value of the collateral paid to or received from a counterparty is taken into account.

BORROWING AND LEVERAGE

There will not be any permanent leverage within the Fund. However, the Fund may from time to time be subject to leverage through the use of borrowings and derivatives. These levels of leverage for the Fund are not expected to exceed 200% of the Net Asset Value of the Fund.

RISK FACTORS

The general risk factors as set out in the Prospectus shall apply. In addition, the following risk factors shall also apply:

High Yield/Sub-Investment Grade Securities Risk

Lower-rated securities will usually offer higher yields than higher-rated securities to compensate for the reduced creditworthiness and increased risk of default that these securities carry. Lower-rated securities generally tend to reflect short-term corporate and market developments to a greater extent than higher-rated securities which react primarily to fluctuations in the general level of interest rates. During an economic downturn or a sustained period of rising interest rates, highly leveraged issuers of high yield securities may experience financial stress and may not have sufficient revenues to meet their interest payment obligations. There are fewer investors in lower-rated securities, and it may be harder to buy and sell securities at an optimum time.

Loans

In addition to the above risks associated with high yield/sub-investment grade securities, there are some specific risks associated with loans. The specific collateral used to secure a loan may decline in value or become illiquid, which would adversely affect the loan's value. Also, many loans are not actively traded, which may impair the ability of the Fund to realise full value in the event of the need to liquidate such assets.

Loan Participation Risk

In purchasing loan participations, the Fund will acquire contractual rights only against the seller, not the borrower. Payments due to the Fund will only be made to the extent received by the seller from the borrower. Accordingly, the Fund will assume the credit risk of both seller and borrower, as well as of any intermediate participant

Emerging Markets Risk

The Fund may invest in emerging markets debt and securities. Investment in emerging markets may increase the volatility of the Fund's Net Asset Value. Accordingly, an investment in the Fund's Shares may be worth more or less on redemption than their original purchase value. Investing in emerging markets involves additional risks and special considerations not typically associated with investing in other more established economies or securities markets. Such risks may include (i) restrictions on foreign investment and on repatriation of capital invested in emerging markets, (2) currency fluctuations, (3) potential price volatility and lesser liquidity of securities traded in emerging markets, (4) economic and political risks, including the risk of nationalization or expropriation of assets or confiscatory taxation, (5) risks related to custodial arrangements and delays or other factors in the settlement of securities transactions, and (6) accounting, auditing, financial and other reporting standards in emerging markets are not equivalent to those in more developed markets.

Legal Risk

Many of the laws that govern private investment, securities transactions and other contractual relationships in developing countries are new and largely untested. As a result, the Fund may be subject to a number of unusual risks, including inadequate investor protection, contradictory legislation, incomplete, in clear and changing laws, ignorance or breaches of regulations on the part of other market participants, lack of established or effective avenues for legal redress, lack of standard practices and confidentiality customs characteristic of developed markets and lack of enforcement of existing regulations. Furthermore, it may be difficult to obtain and enforce a judgment in certain of the emerging countries in which assets of the Fund are invested. There can be no assurance that this difficulty in protecting and enforcing rights will not have a material adverse effect on the Fund and its operations.

Regulatory controls and corporate governance of companies in developing countries confer little protection on minority shareholders. Anti-fraud and anti-insider trading legislation is often rudimentary. The concept of fiduciary duty to shareholders by officers and directors is also limited when compared to such concepts in developed markets. In certain instances management may take significant actions without the consent of shareholders and anti-dilution protection also may be limited.

Unregulated Collective Investment Schemes

Investment in unregulated collective investment schemes may not provide the same level of investor protection which is afforded to schemes authorised under Irish laws and regulations and subject to Irish regulations and conditions.

Leveraged Collective Investment Schemes

To the extent that the Fund might invest in leveraged collective investment schemes, while leverage presents opportunities to increase the schemes' total returns, it also has the effect of potentially increasing losses. Any event that adversely affects the value of a scheme's investments would be magnified to the extent that leverage is employed by the scheme. To the extent that a scheme borrows, the rates at which it can borrow will affect its returns and if it gives security for such borrowings it could be subject to margin calls where the security has declined in value and could suffer a loss if the security has to be enforced in a declining market at relatively low prices.

Segregated Liability

Each fund of the Company is a segregated portfolio of assets and will accordingly bear its own liabilities and will be solely liable to third parties for all of the liabilities of the fund.

While the provisions of the Companies Acts 1963 to 2009 provide for segregated liability between funds of umbrella investment companies, these provisions have yet to be tested in foreign courts, in particular, in satisfying local creditors' claims. Accordingly, it is not free from doubt that the assets of any fund of the

Company may not be exposed to the liabilities of other funds of the Company. As at the date of this Supplement, the Directors are not aware of any such existing or contingent liability of any Fund of the Company which could impact on the segregated liability provisions of the Company and its Funds.

In addition to the risk factors outlined above and the general risk factors set out in the Prospectus, investors should also note that subscription for Shares of the Fund is not the same as making a deposit with a bank or other deposit taking body and the value of the Shares is not insured or guaranteed. The value of the Fund may be affected by the creditworthiness of issuers of the Fund's investments and, notwithstanding the policy of the Fund of investing in short term instruments, may also be affected by substantial adverse movements in interest rates.

DIVIDEND POLICY

Class S Shares are available as Accumulation Shares. The net income attributable to the Shares in the Fund shall be retained within the Fund and will be reflected in the value of the Accumulation Shares.

VALUATION PROVISIONS FOR OFF EXCHANGE DERIVATIVE CONTRACTS

In accordance with the Articles of Association and the Prospectus of the Company, the Directors have determined that the value of any off exchange derivative contracts entered into by the Fund will be valued monthly at the prices determined by an independent pricing vendor who must be approved for this purpose by the Custodian and the valuation of such contracts shall be reconciled to the counterparty valuation at least monthly by a party independent of the counterparty which could include the Sub-Investment Manager, which party must be approved for such purpose by the Custodian. Any significant differences arising from such reconciliation must be promptly investigated and explained. If a price is not available from an independent pricing vendor, or the price quoted does not in the opinion of the Directors represent fair market value, or if the Directors otherwise consider it appropriate, off exchange derivative contracts may be valued using an alternative method of valuation provided the value is approved by the Custodian or by using the counterparty valuation which must be approved or verified by a party (which could include the Sub-Investment Manager) which must be approved for this purpose by the Custodian and which is independent of the counterparty. Such independent verification of the counterparty valuation must be carried out at least quarterly. Where the Company values an off exchange derivative contract using an alternative method of valuation to the counterparty valuation, the Company will follow international best practice and adhere to the principles on valuation of off exchange instruments established by bodies such as IOSCO and AIMA.

KEY INFORMATION FOR PURCHASING AND REPURCHASING

Base Currency	Pounds Sterling
Business Day	means a day except a Saturday or a Sunday on which banks in London are open for normal business or such other day(s) as the Directors may, with the approval of the Custodian, determine, and notify to Shareholders in advance.
Dealing Day	means the 15 th day of each month provided that the 15 th is a Business Day (if it is not, the next following Business Day will be a Dealing Day) and the last Business Day of each month and/or such other day(s) as may be determined by the Directors from time to time and notified in advance to all Shareholders provided that there shall be at least one Dealing Day per quarter.
Available Share Class	Class S Shares are available for issue in the Fund. Class S shares are only available to those investors who have a separate investment advisory mandate with Insight Investment Management Limited or any of its subsidiary companies. The requirement for a separate investment advisory agreement is for administrative efficiency purposes only and does not represent a restriction on the freely transferable nature of the Shares.
Minimum Initial Investment	The minimum initial investment in the Class S Shares is the higher of £200,000 and the Pounds Sterling equivalent of €250,000.
Minimum Additional Subscription	There is no minimum amount for additional subscriptions.

Minimum Holding	None
Dealing Deadline	5.00 p.m. (Irish time) on the relevant Dealing Day unless the Directors otherwise agree and in this case provided the application is received before the Valuation Point for the relevant Dealing Day.
Settlement Date	<p>Cleared funds must be received and accepted by the Administrator by 5.00pm within four Business Days immediately following the relevant Dealing Day, unless otherwise approved by the Directors.</p> <p>In the case of repurchases, proceeds will usually be paid by electronic transfer to a specified account (in the absence of any other specific instruction) at the Shareholder's risk and expense within four Business Days following the Dealing Day after the receipt of the relevant duly signed repurchase documentation.</p>
Dealing Price	<p>The price at which Shares of the Fund will be issued or repurchased on a Dealing Day, after the initial issue, is the Net Asset Value per Share of the Fund.</p> <p>Adjustment may be made to the Net Asset Value per Share as described below.</p>
Dilution Adjustment	<p>In respect of the Fund, in the event of there being net subscriptions on any Dealing Day, the Company may make an adjustment to the Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant classes to cover stamp duties and taxation (if any) in respect of the issue of Shares, and the costs of restructuring the Fund's portfolio (a Dilution Adjustment). Such an adjustment will not exceed 3% of the Fund's Net Asset Value. The purpose of any such adjustment would be to preserve the value of the underlying assets of the Fund. The Directors reserve the right to waive the Dilution Adjustment at any time. In respect of the Fund, in the event of there being net repurchases on any Dealing Day, the Company may make an adjustment to the Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant classes to cover the costs of restructuring the Fund's portfolio (a Dilution Adjustment). Such an adjustment will not exceed 3% of the Fund's Net Asset Value. The purpose of any such adjustment would be to preserve the value of the underlying assets of the Fund. The Directors reserve the right to waive the Dilution Adjustment at any time.</p>
Valuation Point	means 9.00 p.m. Irish time on the relevant Dealing Day and/or such other time as may be determined by the Directors from time to time and notified in advance to all Shareholders provided it is after, or the same time as, the Dealing Deadline for the relevant Dealing Day.
Fee Cap	<p>The aggregate expenses of the Fund payable out of the assets of the Fund, including for the amortisation of establishment costs, will not exceed 20 basis points per annum of the Net Asset Value of the Fund. This will include any fees and expenses payable to each of the Administrator, the Custodian and the Distributor. No investment management fee will be payable out of the assets of the Fund attributable to the Shares. The Sub-Investment Manager's fees and expenses will be paid by the Investment Manager.</p> <p>There are no preliminary or repurchase or exchange charges.</p> <p>Fees will be calculated on a daily basis and deducted from the assets of the Fund in accordance with the above provisions on a daily basis.</p> <p>The Fund will be subject to its proportionate share of any fees and expenses payable by collective investment schemes in which it may invest, which will vary from scheme to scheme depending on the nature and investment strategy thereof. It is not intended that the Fund would pay any investment management fee in respect of any investment in a scheme managed by any member of the Insight group.</p>

Details of any other fees and expenses payable out of the assets of the Fund are set out in the Prospectus under the heading “Charges and Expenses”.

Miscellaneous

There are currently fifty six other funds of the Company in existence namely;

Insight LDI Solutions Plus Nominal Funds 2006-2010
Insight LDI Solutions Plus Nominal Funds 2011-2015
Insight LDI Solutions Plus Nominal Funds 2016-2020
Insight LDI Solutions Plus Nominal Funds 2021-2025
Insight LDI Solutions Plus Nominal Funds 2026-2030
Insight LDI Solutions Plus Nominal Funds 2031-2035
Insight LDI Solutions Plus Nominal Funds 2036-2040
Insight LDI Solutions Plus Nominal Funds 2041-2045
Insight LDI Solutions Plus Nominal Funds 2046-2050
Insight LDI Solutions Plus Nominal Funds 2051-2055
Insight LDI Solutions Plus Nominal Funds 2056-2060
Insight LDI Solutions Plus RPI Funds 2006-2010
Insight LDI Solutions Plus RPI Funds 2011-2015
Insight LDI Solutions Plus RPI Funds 2016-2020
Insight LDI Solutions Plus RPI Funds 2021-2025
Insight LDI Solutions Plus RPI Funds 2026-2030
Insight LDI Solutions Plus RPI Funds 2031-2035
Insight LDI Solutions Plus RPI Funds 2036-2040
Insight LDI Solutions Plus RPI Funds 2041-2045
Insight LDI Solutions Plus RPI Funds 2046-2050
Insight LDI Solutions Plus RPI Funds 2051-2055
Insight LDI Solutions Plus RPI Funds 2056-2060
Insight LDI Solutions Plus LPI Funds 2011-2015
Insight LDI Solutions Plus LPI Funds 2016-2020
Insight LDI Solutions Plus LPI Funds 2021-2025
Insight LDI Solutions Plus LPI Funds 2026-2030
Insight LDI Solutions Plus LPI Funds 2031-2035
Insight LDI Solutions Plus LPI Funds 2036-2040
Insight LDI Solutions Plus LPI Funds 2041-2045
Insight LDI Solutions Plus LPI Funds 2046-2050
Insight LDI Solutions Plus LPI Funds 2051-2055
Insight LDI Solutions Plus LPI Funds 2056-2060
Insight LDI Active 1 Fund
Insight LDI Active 2 Fund
Insight LDI Active 3 Fund
Insight Bonds Plus Fund
Insight LDI Active 4 Fund
Insight LDI Active 5 Fund
Insight Broad Market Bonds Plus Fund
Insight LIBOR Plus Fund
Insight LDI Active 9 Fund
Insight LDI Active 10 Fund
Insight Global Emerging Market Bond Fund
Insight Global Diversified Liability Plus Fund
Insight LDI Active 11 Fund
Insight LDI Active 12 Fund
Insight LDI Active 6 Fund
Insight LDI Active 7 Fund
Insight LDI Active 8 Fund
Insight LDI Active 14 Fund
Insight LDI Active 15 Fund
Insight LDI Active 16 Fund
Insight LDI Active 17 Fund
Insight LDI Active 18 Fund
Insight LDI Active 13 Fund

New Funds may be created from time to time by the Directors with the prior approval of the Authority in which case further Supplements incorporating provisions relating to those Funds will be issued by the Company.